Curriculum Vitae

Ryan Stanger M.D.

EDUCATION

Medical School: Medical College of Georgia

Augusta, GA

Degree: Doctor of Medicine

College: University of Georgia

Athens, GA

Degree: Master of Education in Clinical Exercise Physiology

College: Georgia Institute of Technology

Atlanta, GA

Degree: Bachelor of Science in Applied Biology, Certificate in Exercise Physiology

POSTDOCTORAL TRAINING

Fellowship: Cardiothoracic Anesthesiology

Emory University Dept of Anesthesiology

Atlanta, GA

Residency: University of North Carolina

Department of Anesthesiology

Chapel Hill, NC

Internship University of North Carolina

Department of Anesthesiology

Chapel Hill, NC

PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

American Society of Anesthesiologists Alpha Omega Alpha Honor Society Society of Cardiovascular Anesthesiologists

CERTIFICATION--LICENSURE

Diplomate, American Board of Anesthesiology

Diplomate, National Board of Echocardiography specializing in Advanced Perioperative TEE (2011-2021)

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Medical Director

Berry College Inaugural PA Program

Charter School of Education and Human Sciences

Associate Professor

Medical College of Georgia

Rome, GA

Cardiac Anesthesiologist

Advent Health Redmond

Rome, GA

Project Coordinator

Title: Effect of creatine supplementation on body composition and risk of injury in male and female collegiate athletes Department of Exercise Physiology, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta GA Principal Investigator: Mindy Millard-Stafford PhD

Selected Publications & Presentations

S. Markewich MD;¹ R. Stanger MD;¹ W. Lucas MD, DDS;¹ R. Feins MD;² and R. Kyle DO¹ A Novel Mechanism for Bradycardia during Right Lung Pleurodesis ¹Department of Anesthesiology and ²Division of Cardiothoracic Surgery University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina Presented at American Society of Anesthesiologists National Meeting - Orlando, FL October 2008

J.T.Miller, J. Bartley, A. Walker, R.Stanger, H.C. Wimborne, J. Zheng, A. Martin-Studdard, D.C. Hess, S.C. Fagan, J.E. Carroll SDF-1 Expression is Briefly Upregulated Following Hypoxic-Ischemic Injury in Neonates, Presented at American Stroke Association National Conference, San Diego, CA 2004